www.gcascc.com CHEMCALL: 0-2324-6888



Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Solvent D40

Other Names:

Recommended Use: Solvent

Supplier: Global Chemie ASCC Limited

Street Address: 88/123 Moo 2 Bangpoo Industrial Estate (North), Phraek Sa Mai, Mueang

Samutprakan, Samutprakan 10280

Telephone: +66 2324 6888

+66 2324 6898-99 Fax:

+66 2324 6888 ext.320 **Emergency phone:**

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as hazardous under GHS criteria

Hazardous Classification

Flammable liquid: Category 3. Skin irritation: Category 3. Aspiration toxicant: Category 1.

Specific target organ toxicant (central nervous system): Category 3.

Hazardous Statement

Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

GHS Pictograms







Hazard Statements

H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H316: Causes mild skin irritation

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measure against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing mist / vapours.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective glove/eye protection/face protection.

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Response Statements

P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.

Storage Statements

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal Statements

P501: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

Signal Word Danger

3. COMPOSITION: Information on Ingredients

Chemical Ingredient	CAS No.	UN No.	Proportion (%v/v)
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),	64742-48-9	-	100 %
HYDROTREATED HEAVY			

Molecular weight: 148 g/mol

Hazardous Constituent(s) Contained in Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure.

Chemical Ingredient	CAS No.	UN No.	Proportion (%v/v)
NONANE	111-84-2	-	1 - < 5%

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Concentration values may vary.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact Ramathibodi Poison Center (Phone: 1367) or a doctor.

Ingestion

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

Eye Contact

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

Skin Contact

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing.

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Shut off product that may 'fuel' a fire if safe to do so. Allow trained personnel to attend a fire in progress, providing firefighters with this Safety Data Sheet. Prevent extinguishing media from escaping to drains and waterways.

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EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water.

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: : FLAMMABLE. Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Combustible. Vapour is flammable and heavier than air. Vapour may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources, causing a flashback fire danger. Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume.

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >=40°C (104°F) [ASTM D-56]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.6 UEL: 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: >200°C (392°F)

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapor and, when applicable, H2S, or Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to aromatic hydrocarbons are recommended. Note: gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. A vapour-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapour. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Large Spills: Water spray may reduce vapour, but may not prevent ignition in enclosed spaces. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate sources of ignition. Warn other shipping. If the Flash Point exceeds the Ambient Temperature by 10 deg C or more, use containment booms and remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents when conditions permit. If the Flash Point does not exceed the Ambient Air Temperature by at least 10C, use booms as a barrier to protect shorelines and allow material to evaporate. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

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Date of Issue: 11 January 2023 Date of Review: January 2025 Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing mists or vapour. Avoid contact with skin. Prevent exposure to ignition sources, for example use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Potentially toxic/irritating fumes/vapour may be evolved from heated or agitated material. Use only with adequate ventilation. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper bonding and/or ground procedures. However, bonding and grounds may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

Loading/Unloading Temperature: [Ambient]

Transport Temperature: [Ambient]
Transport Pressure: [Ambient]

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.

Conditions for safe storage

The container choice, for example storage vessel, may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Storage containers should be earthed and bonded. Fixed storage containers, transfer containers and associated equipment should be grounded and bonded to prevent accumulation of static charge.

Storage Temperature: [Ambient]
Storage Pressure: [Ambient]

Suitable Containers/Packing: Tank Trucks; Railcars; Barges; Drums

Suitable Materials and Coatings (Chemical Compatibility): Teflon; Polypropylene; Polyethylene; Stainless Steel;

Carbon Steel

Unsuitable Materials and Coatings: Butyl Rubber; Natural Rubber; Ethylene-propylene-diene monomer (EPDM);

Polystyrene

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Substance Name	Form	Limit / Standard			Note	Source
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY	Vapour.	RCP - TWA	1200 mg/m3	197 ppm	Total Hydrocarbons	ExxonMobil
NONANE		TWA	200 ppm			ACGIH

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Engineering Controls

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider: Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not exceeded. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable.

Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: <u>Half-face filter respirator Type A filter material.</u>

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin/ Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include <u>Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended</u>.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves.

The types of gloves to be considered for this material include Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Nitrile.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water, and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Property	Unit of Measurement	Typical Value
Appearance	-	Colorless Liqiud
Odour	-	Slight
рН	-	No data available
Boiling point	°C	167-191
Melting point	°C	-69
Flash point	°C	48 (Closed cup)
Autoignition Temperature	°C	237
Decomposition Temperature	°C	No data available
Lower/Upper Flammability Limits	%V	0.7-6.0
Density @ 20°C	g/cm³	0.779
Specific Gravity @ 20°C	-	0.780
Viscosity @ 20°C	cSt.s	1.4

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Property	Unit of Measurement	Typical Value
Vapor pressure	kPa	0.1
Vapor density	kPa (Air = 1)	5.1 at 101 kPa
Evaporation Rate	(n-Butyl acetate = 1)	0.1
Water Solubility	-	Negligible
Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient	(n-octanol/water)	Log Pow >4
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	per Deg °C	0.00099

The values listed are indicative of this product's physical and chemical properties. For a full product specification, please consult the Product Data Sheet.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Hazardous decomposition products

Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

Hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Materials to Avoid

Strong oxidisers

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks		
Inhalation	Inhalation		
Toxicity (Rat): LC50 > 5000 mg/m3	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.		
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.		
Ingestion	Ingestion		
Toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar		
	materials.		
Skin	Skin		
Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar		
	materials.		
Irritation: Data available.	Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. Based on test		
	data for structurally similar materials.		
Eye			
Irritation: Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test		
	data for structurally similar materials.		

OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG TERM EXPOSURE

Anticipated health effects from sub-chronic, chronic, respiratory or skin sensitization, mutagenicity, reproductive toxicity, carcinogenicity, target organ toxicity (single exposure or repeated exposure), aspiration toxicity and other

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effects based on human experience and/or experimental data.

For the product itself: Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting

IARC Classification: The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

-- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 1

2 = IARC 2A

3 = IARC 2B

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Material -- Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms

Mobility

Material -- Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Hydrolysis:

Material -- Transformation due to hydrolysis not expected to be significant.

Photolysis:

Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Atmospheric Oxidation:

Material -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

OTHER ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

VOC: Yes.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

Empty Container Warning

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport Ma		Marine T	ransport	Air Tra	nsport
UN. Number	Not Regulated	UN. Number	Not Regulated	UN. Number	Not Regulated
Class/Item	Not Regulated	Class/Item	Not Regulated	Class/Item	Not Regulated

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Hazard Symbol	Not Regulated	Hazard Symbol	Not Regulated	Hazard Symbol	Not Regulated
Proper Shipping Name	Not Regulated	Proper Shipping Name	Not Regulated	Proper Shipping Name	Not Regulated
Packing Group	Not Regulated	Packing Group	Not Regulated	Packing Group	Not Regulated
		Marine Pollutant	Not Regulated		

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is considered hazardous according to the classification criteria of the Hazard Classification and Communication System for Hazardous Materials BE 2555.

REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Hazardous Substance Act BE2535: Regulated

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: AICS, DSL, ENCS, IECSC,

KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

The national inventory listings are based on the CAS number or numbers listed below.

Cas No. 64742-48-9 Cas No, 64742-47-8

16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection

Association (USA)

No data available

SDS Distribution The information contained herein is based on our current

> knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty of guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be

obtained from the use of the product.

Prepared By Quality Control Department / Global Chemie ASCC Limited

Abbreviations:

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Number

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

N/A: not available N/D = Not determined,

NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety

Council GHS: Global Harmonized System

References:

- Supplier Material Safety Data Sheets
- http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus (October 18)
- http://hsis.ascc.gov.au/SearchHS.aspx (October 18)
- Ecotoxicology data: http://cfpub.epa.gov/ecotox/quick_query.htm (October 18)
- Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, Richard J. Lewis Snr., pub. Canada (2000)

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The information sourced for the preparation of this document was correct and complete at the time of writing to the best of the writer's knowledge. The document represents the commitment to the company's responsibilities surrounding the supply of this product, undertaken in good faith. This document should be taken as a safety guide for the product and its recommended uses but is in no way an absolute authority. Please consult the relevant legislation and regulations governing the use and storage of this type of product. No warranty and guarantee are expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use of the product For further information, please contact Global Chemie ASCC Limited.

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